

Green Measures for Nonlocal Diffusion Equations

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Abstract

Let $X(t), t \geq 0$ be a time homogeneous Markov process in \mathbb{R}^d starting from the point $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$. For a function $f : \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ we consider the following heuristic object

$$V(f, x) = \int_0^\infty \mathbb{E}^x[f(X(t))] dt.$$

If this quantity exists, then $V(f, x)$ is called the *potential* for the function f . The notions of potentials is well known in probability theory, see e.g., [1, 4]. The existence of the potential $V(f, x)$ is a difficult question and the class of admissible f shall be analyzed for each process X separately. One approach is based on the use of the generator L of the process X . Namely, the potential $V(f, x)$ may be constructed as the solution to the following equation:

$$-LV = f.$$

In analogy with the PDE framework, we would like to have a representation

$$V(f, x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} f(y) \mathcal{G}(x, dy),$$

where $\mathcal{G}(x, dy)$ is a measure on \mathbb{R}^d . This measure is nothing but the fundamental solution to the considered equation and traditionally may be called the Green measure for the operator L .

In this talk we study the existence of Green measures for Markov processes with a nonlocal jump generator without second moment and a suitable condition on its Fourier transform. This talk is based, in particular, on the joint works [2, 3].

References

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